

# GCSE Maths – Ratio, Proportion and Rates of Change

## General Iterative Processes (Higher Only)

Worksheet

NOTES



SOLUTIONS



This worksheet will show you how to work out questions relating to general iterative processes. Each section contains a **worked example**, a **question with hints** and then **questions for you to work through** on your own.

This work by [PMT Education](https://www.pmt.education) is licensed under [CC BY-NC-ND 4.0](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/4.0/)



## Section A – Higher Only

### Worked Example

**At the start of day 1, James has 50 tyres in his tyre shop. Each day 40% of his tyres are sold. He receives a delivery of 15 new tyres at the end of each day. How many tyres will he have at the end of day 6?**

**Step 1:** Identify the variables.

$T = \text{number of tyres}$

$T_0 = \text{initial number of tyres}$

$T_n = \text{number of tyres at the end of the day}$

**Step 2:** Set up a formula.

*The formula is specific to each question and requires manipulation of the context provided in the question. Not all questions will be similar to this – but every question involving iteration can be put into its own formula!*

*In this case, each day the number of tyres decrease by 40%. This is equivalent to  $1 - 0.4 = 0.6$  of the day's starting value. We also know that an extra 15 tyres are delivered each day. This can be written as an addition in the formula.*

$$T_{n+1} = 0.6(T_n) + 15$$

**Step 3:** Use iterations to find number of tyres at the end of day 6

$$T_1 = 0.6(50) + 15 = 45$$

*There are 45 bouquets at the end of day 1.*

$$T_2 = 0.6(45) + 15 = 42$$

$$T_3 = 0.6(42) + 15 = 40.2 = 40 \text{ (nearest full tyre)}$$

$$T_4 = 0.6(40) + 15 = 39$$

$$T_5 = 0.6(39) + 15 = 38.4 = 38 \text{ (nearest full tyre)}$$

$$T_6 = 0.6(38) + 15 = 37.8 = 37 \text{ (nearest full tyre)}$$

*At the end of day 6, James will have 37 tyres in his shop.*



## Guided Example

**Frank owns a restaurant in Manchester. He plans to refurbish his restaurant which would cost around £1000. He plans to start saving all his monthly profit to cover the refurbishment cost. Starting from January 2021, his monthly profit was enough to cover 5% of the total refurbishment cost. Assuming his monthly profit was doubled after every month, by which month of the year would he be able to refurbish his restaurant?**

**Step 1:** Identify the variables.

**Step 2:** Set up a formula.

**Step 3:** Use iterations to find the number of month he needs to cover the refurbishment cost.





3. Sarah bought a used car worth £500. Every year, the price of the car decreases by 8%. What would be the price of the car after 10 years? Starting from which year will the price of the car drop below £300?
4. Amy needs to knit 150 socks in 15 days. At the start of day 1, she was able to knit 20 socks. However, her progress decreases by 10% each day. The minimum number of socks she will get done is 5 each day. Is she able to finish knitting 150 socks in 15 days?

